VIII. Corporate Compliance Program & HIPAA



What is Compliance?

- A commitment to an ethical way of conducting business
- A system for doing the right thing



Purposes of the Compliance Program

- To protect patients and improve the quality of their care
- To demonstrate the organization's commitment to promote good corporate conduct
- To assist in identifying and preventing criminal & unethical conduct
- To encourage employees to report potential problems
- To allow prompt, thorough investigation of alleged misconduct
- To initiate timely & appropriate corrective action
- To reduce the organization's exposure to civil damages & penalties, criminal sanctions, and program exclusion
- To create a centralized source of information on health care regulations

Ac-count-a-bil-i-ty

[uh-koun-tuh-bil-i-tee] -noun

1. The state of being accountable, liable or answerable.

- Board of Directors sets the tone and delegates oversight to FAIR (Finance, Audit, Investment & Retirement) Committee
- FAIR is responsible for effectiveness of Corporate Compliance
 Program, receives reports, and approves annual compliance plan
- Chief Executive Officer provides overall direction and fosters a culture of compliance throughout the Organization

Ac-count-a-bil-i-ty

[uh-koun-tuh-bil-i-tee]

-nour

The state of being accountable, liable or answerable.

- Corporate Compliance Officer
 - Develops and maintains the Corporate Compliance Program
 Policy, Education & Communication activities, and the Audit & Compliance Schedule
 - Acts as the Organization's Privacy Officer
- Compliance, Audit, Privacy & Security Committee has oversight and coordination responsibility for compliance policies & procedures; consists of representatives from identified risk areas within the Organization.

Ac-count-a-bil-i-ty

[uh-koun-tuh-bil-i-tee]

-nour

The state of being accountable, liable or answerable.

Department Directors are responsible for

- Developing & maintaining departmental/functional area policies and procedures that meet regulatory requirements
- Participating in and supporting the Compliance Education Program, keeping employees informed about new regulatory developments, and assuring appropriate process changes
- Self-monitoring and developing appropriate policies, procedures
 & education to meet the requirements of the Corporate
 Compliance Program
- Training staff to ensure familiarity with their responsibilities under the program and with laws, regulations and Organizational policies & procedures applicable to the job function
- Assisting with Annual Audit & Compliance Plan for identified risk areas

Ac-count-a-bil-i-ty

[uh-koun-tuh-bil-i-tee]

-nour

The state of being accountable, liable or answerable.

- Employees, vendors and independent contractors are responsible for
 - Complying with the law and regulatory standards as well as
 Organizational policies and procedures
 - Reporting areas of concern regarding compliance to their Supervisor or confidentially to the Corporate Compliance Officer or Compliance Help Line.

Compliance Help Line: 336-633-7724

To report any suspected concerns regarding potential fraud and abuse.

Code of Conduct









Patient FIRST – Safety & Quality Care

We will passionately provide excellent service with every interaction.



Service excellence means:

- Clear & professional communication
- Confidentiality
- <u>Sincere concern</u> for our patients' health & well being
- To go the extra mile to provide services to our patients, their families, and our colleagues

Staff Interactions

Your role, whether employee, independent contractor, or vendor, is to serve the needs of our patients and their family members. Maintaining a positive relationship with colleagues is crucial in achieving that goal.



Your interactions should demonstrate:

- 1. Collaboration
- 2. Creativity
- 3. Transparency
- 4. Accountability
- 5. Respect

Conflict of Interest



What is a Conflict of Interest?

- A conflict of interest arises when a secondary objective (i.e., influence to choose one alternative over another) could affect the performance of your organizational role.
- Potential for financial gain is one of many possible incentives that can lead to bias in a subjective activity, often subtle and unrecognized by you.

When does an ethical issue occur?

An ethical issue occurs when a choice becomes self-serving, rather than serving the best interest of others, and the choice results in a moral compromise.

* *Source - Orthopaedic Nursing, April 2008, Volume27 Number 2, page 135-139, "Ethics: Conflicts of

Interest: Nurses at Risk!"



Gifts & Gratuities

Employees or their families must not gain personally from any transaction made on behalf of The Organization. This includes, but is not limited to:

- Kickbacks
- Rebates
- Money
- Food
- Entertainment
- Tickets or travel
- Any gift that exceeds \$10 per incident /\$100 accumulated annually.

Gifts from patients or customers are prohibited; individuals wishing to contribute should be referred to the Randolph Health Community Foundation.



What are my responsibilities?

- Be aware and guard against potential conflicts.
- Disclose potential conflicts using OW-ADM-003A Conflict of Interest and Gift Disclosure Survey, promptly when a potential conflict occurs.
- Disclose using OW-ADM-003A Conflict of Interest and Gift Disclosure Survey, annually upon request.

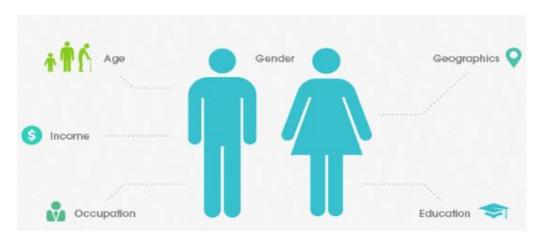
HIPAA demands that we use Protected Health Information ONLY for

- Treating patients
- Obtaining payment for treatment provided
- •Improving healthcare operations



What is **P**rotected **H**ealth **I**nformation?

Any and all information about a person's physical or mental health that identifies the person or there is a reason to believe the information could identify them.





What is **P**rotected **H**ealth **I**nformation?

In some cases, the simple fact of sharing that a patient is receiving care or is in a specific location of the Organization could be considered a privacy violation. Our small community also makes us especially vulnerable because we personally know many patients. Sensitive information includes, but is not limited to:

- Sexually transmitted diseases
- Mental Health
- Substance Abuse
- Financial information

Tips for HIPAA Compliance

 Never share your password with anyone. This includes system passwords, PINS, and door access codes & cards.

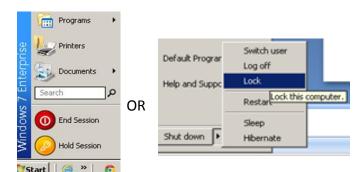


- Use minimum PHI necessary to complete your job responsibilities.
- When you are authorized to send an email containing PHI outside the Organization, be sure to ENCRYPT the message and confirm an accurate email address!



Tips for HIPAA Compliance

 Secure patient records by holding or ending your session when you complete work.



 Be aware of PHI contained in your work area; never leave PHI unsecured or where it can be viewed by others.



Tips for HIPAA Compliance



- Avoid discussing a patient's medical condition in public areas.
- Don't share information about a patient that you obtained as a result of your job with anyone; it is considered private and subject to HIPAA.



Don't discuss PHI on any form of electronic media such as Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, etc.



Where can I report a compliance/privacy issue or ask a question?

- Contact the Corporate Compliance/Privacy Officer via email or by calling 336.633.7771
- Call the Compliance Help Line at 336.633.7724



Non Retaliation

ANYONE

who honestly and in good faith, reports suspected wrongdoing, will be protected from retaliation.